

COVID-19

What can I do?

MAKE A PLAN

1. Keep informed:

- a. The US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention is the most authoritative source for up to date information. Their website is:
<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-nCoV/index.html>
- b. UpToDate is an excellent resource with a free public education portal:
https://www.uptodate.com/contents/coronavirus-disease-2019-covid-19-the-basics?topicRef=126981&source=see_link
- c. Do not base your actions on social media reports or the advice of amateurs.
 - i. There are many unscrupulous people who will try to prey on us through confusion, chaos, or profiting through panic.
 - ii. Do not open social media links or attachments touting COVID-19 treatments, cures, or tests. These are being used for identity theft.

2. Network with your neighbors: We're all in this together.

- a. Participate in the Neighborhood Support Teams on GRR.
 - i. Determine who will check on whom and who is available to shop for supplies for anyone who has to quarantine.
- b. Keep in contact with your neighbors, especially those who live alone.
- c. Let your NST know if you do become ill.
- d. Consider creating groups to communicate with each other by Facetime, Skype, Zoom, and other video conferencing applications. Book clubs, other clubs, and groups can still get together by this means.

3. Have a plan if you have to quarantine:

- a. Who is at greatest risk in your home?
- b. Be prepared to quarantine for 2 weeks: food and other supplies.
- c. Who will shop for you?
- d. Have an emergency contact list.
- e. What room(s) will you quarantine in?
- f. Have at least a 2-week supply if you are on medications.
- g. Have cleaning supplies, soap, dish soap, and laundry detergent on hand.
- h. Develop a home plan in case one person has to quarantine and the other become a caregiver.
- i. If you live alone, contact neighbors to determine who will help and how.

4. Have a plan in case you become sick:

- a. Make a list:
 - i. List your medical problems and surgical history, medications, allergies and intolerances, medical providers, and contacts, especially next of kin or those with healthcare power of attorney.
 - ii. If you have an advance directive, have it available.
 - iii. Put both of these either on your refrigerator or some other obvious place in case you need to call 911 for emergency medical care.
 - iv. Use the My Medical History form on this website for this purpose.

Contact GRRFD if you have questions: admin@grrfd.org.